CSS Cheat Sheet

A quick reference list of basic CSS properties for changing text, layout, and color of HTML elements, as well as how to include them in your web page.

Using Styles

An external CSS file

```
<head>
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="style.css" title="style">
</head>
```

Within the HTML header

```
<head>
<style type="text/css">
 h1 {
    color:red;
    }
</style>
</head>
```

Inline in the HTML

```
<p style="color:red;">Some red text</p>
```

Colors & Borders	
color: *red*;	Element color - eg. red	#FF0000
background-color: *white*;	The background color of the element
background-image: *url(image.gif)*;	The background color of the element
border-color: *yellow*;	The border color of the element
border: *1px solid blue*;	The width, style, and color of the border are defined together

Text Styles	
text-align: left;	Horizontal Alignment - left	center	right
text-decoration: underline;	Text Decorations - eg. none	underline	line-through
font-family: *fontname*;	Font Face (Typeface) - eg. Verdana, Arial, Helvetica
font-size: 16pt;	Font Size or Height - eg. 12pt	15px
font-weight: bold;	Font Weight (Boldness) - eg. bold	normal	200

Size and Layout	
width: *400px*;	Width of HTML element - eg. 100px | 50%
height: *100%*;	Height of HTML element - eg. 20px | 100%
margin: *5px*;	Margin - space around an element, or distance between two elements
margin-top: *1px*;	Top Margin. Also, try -bottom: -left: or -right:
padding: *5px*;	Padding - distance between an element's contents and its border
padding-top: *1px*;	Top Padding. Also, try -bottom: -left or -right:

CSS Lists	
list-style: *none*;	Clear existing bullet types set by HTML list tags